

PUNCTUATION MARKS

• Title: Importance of punctuation

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LIST OF 14 PUNCTUATION MARK

- 1. Full stop(.)
- 2. Comma(,)
- 3. colon(:)
- 4. Semicolon(;)
- 5. Hyphen(-)
- 6.slash(/)
- 7.apostrophe(')
- 8. Quotation("....")
- 9. Ellipsis(...)
- 10. Brackets()
- o 11. Parenthesis
- 12. Braces
- 13. questions(?)
- 14. Exclamation(!)

PERIOD OR FULL STOP (.)

- The period mark is also known as the full stop.
- This mark takes the position in the ending of a sentence. so you will always have to use a period mark once you end a sentence.

- He came to my home yesterday.
- I was there 10 year back.

COMMA(,)

- When you need to pause before starting again, then you should use the comma.
- Common use of comma when you need to segregate items in a list.
- In some sentences where multiple adjectives are used side by side, then comma comes to separate them.

- I will buy noodles, bread, jam, and some other necessary grocery items from the nearby store today.
- If you go to the store today, please buy me a pack of coffee.

Colon(:)

- Colon is very useful mark that we mostly use for making headings.
- Sometimes ,this mark is also use for showing pause.

- Here's the list of things that you should follow before you start blogging:
- 1. Start a blog the right way
- 2. Learn white hat SEO
- 3. Make a nice schedule for blogging

SEMICOLON(;)

• Connecting joining sentences requires semicolon and you will need to use this mark at the time of making segregated lists.

- o John likes Mercedes Benz; Rohan likes BMW.
- I had taken a lot of food in my breakfast; however,
 - I'm hungry now.

HYPHEN (-)

• Hyphen comes when there's a need for making a word with two split words.

- I rented two-bedroom apartment in France last year.
- When I knocked the door, his 70-year old grandfather opened the door.

SLASH(/)

- Slash comes to replace or.
- so I can use come today/tomorrow.

- You can add sugar/any sweetener to the milk as per your wish.
- Will you call me today/tomorrow?

APOSTROPHE(')

- There is another name of apostrophe which is an inverted comma.
- You will have to use inverted comma or apostrophe when you need to show possession.
- An apostrophe is also used when you need to use the contracted form of a word. Like it's mean it is.
- Example:
- This is John's book.
- We're going to the part tonight.

QUOTATION("....")

• Quotation mark comes with a pair and inside it, there remains a sentence or word. It is used when there's a need of writing somebody's speech.

• Examples:

• He said, "you shouldn't call me anymore because we have no business from now."

ELLIPSIS(.....)

- Ellipsis takes place when you need to show that something will be following.
- Suppose that if I wanna express something like this :you should be reading from today....,it indicates that you should continue reading .
- It's also used for showing unlimited occurrence. 0.999418252487.....
- Example:
- I'm going to discuss the matter in details in this post.so read on...
- here ellipsis has been used to continual reading.

BRACKETS()

- Brackets are also used in pairs.
- You can use them to write some complementary sentences or phrase to your main sentence.

• Example:

• I'll be helping you (even if you don't help me)

PARENTHESIS

Parenthesis can be of different types like(),<>,{},[] etc.

Parenthesis can be used in mathematics.

Example:

Do the math: 4*(5+9)=?

QUESTION (?)

- The question mark is used for marking a question.
- It's also used in a math equation too if the result is unknown.

- How are you?
- W hen does the train arrive at this station?
- 500+500=?

EXCLAMATION(!)

• The Exclamation mark is used for indicating strong feelings.

• Example:

• What a shot!

• Hurrah! India have won the cricket world cup

